





THE FUTURE OF RARE DISEASES: LEAVING NO ONE BEHIND!

Key findings from a survey on the opinion of people living with rare diseases on policies that may impact their lives

June 2021



30 MILLION people are living with a rare disease in Europe and 300 million worldwide



NO CURE for the vast majority of diseases and few treatments available

Although great progress has been made over the last decade to improve the lives of people living with rare diseases, there remains a high level of unmet needs. The Rare 2030 survey aimed to collect rare disease patients' perspectives on the future of rare diseases to contribute to shaping the <u>Rare 2030</u> recommendations. The survey shows that a holistic

approach to rare diseases is needed, including research, diagnosis, treatment and care, and capitalising on new technological opportunities. Such policies need to be integrated in a new European framework on rare diseases by 2023 to guide National Plans for Rare Diseases and ensure that no one living with a rare disease is left behind.

WORLD RESULTS OF THE RARE 2030 SURVEY ON THE FUTURE OF RARE DISEASES

A large scale quantitative survey conducted by Rare Barometer **3 DECEMBER 3 DECEMBER 17 JANUARY 3 OBCEMBER 3 OBCEMBER 17 JANUARY 3 OBCEMBER 3 OBCEMBER 17 JANUARY 3 OBCEMBER 3 OBCEME 3 OBCEME**<td c

1 PEOPLE LIVING WITH A RARE DISEASE THINK THEIR QUALITY OF LIFE COULD BE IMPROVED BY INTEGRATED HEALTH CARE AND SOCIAL CARE

Most people living with a rare disease do not expect to be cured within the next 10 years, but consider it possible to improve their quality of life by accessing integrated health care and social care.



66 Obviously I would like the cure to be found but if that is not possible (which in 10 years I doubt it), then at least to be treated as chronic disease patients, which we already are, so that we can have access to the same benefits as them". Person living with a rare disease, Spain



Do you think it is possible and realistic that within 10 years, you or the person you care for could...

To improve their care, the top priorities for people living with a rare disease are:



By 2030 I would like to access new medicines and new technologies; good, specialised and interdisciplinary medical care; and permanent psychotherapy. I would also like better social recognition and inclusion of people living with a rare disease: accessing adequate tools to participate in everyday life and the world ofworkwouldhelpbreakingdownprejudice and preventingtherisksofpoverty".Person living with a rare disease, Germany

Accessing diagnosis is the top priority for respondents who are not yet diagnosed.

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Within the next 10 years, the top 3 priorities to improve care for your rare disease would be to access:

2 IMPROVING COORDINATION OF HEALTH CARE

People living with rare diseases prefer to be treated locally but are willing to use remote consultations to access multidisciplinary health care more easily.

are willing to use remote consultations to discuss their disease with several healthcare professionals. TheExpertCentresallowmultidisciplinaryconsultations and this is very useful but we should be able to do certain exams closer from home and have access to more remote consultations. I can properly manage the symptoms of my pathology from home but it takes a lot of time and energy to cross the country to consult an Expert Centre." Person living with a rare disease, France

Within the next 10 years, would you be willing to attend remote consultations (via phone, video, email, text, app) for consultations where you can discuss your disease with several healthcare professionals (for instance with specialists and your general practitioner)?

People living with rare diseases are very willing to travel to another country to receive medical treatment.



would be willing to travel to another country to receive medical treatment for their rare disease, either unconditionally or depending on the medical treatment or on the country.



Within the next 10 years and OUTSIDE TIMES OF CRISIS, would you be willing to travel to another country to receive medical treatment for your rare disease?

3 PEOPLE LIVING WITH A RARE DISEASE STRONGLY SUPPORT NEWBORN SCREENING FOR RARE CONDITIONS



I have bronchiectasis and was told when it was diagnosed that I probably had it for many years. Earlier diagnosis and treatment would have resulted in less damage to my lungs and lower use of medications. With early diagnosis it would be possible for future people with rare diseases to be treated appropriately and quickly." Person living with a rare disease, United Kingdom

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In your opinion, in order to diagnose rare diseases at an early stage, should tests for rare diseases be performed at child's birth (e.g. blood tests, genetic screening)?

4 PATIENT ORGANISATIONS ARE WILLING TO BE ACTIVELY INVOLVED IN RESEARCH FOR RARE DISEASES

For patient representatives, patient organisations should contribute in research for rare diseases by:

94% being official partners or co-investigators
78% raising funds for research on their disease
71% leading their own research projects

6 We need a lot of research through clinics, doctoral theses, studies-also internationally please! We also need the work of patient organisations to be recognised and more involved in the research and supply processes." Person living with a rare disease, Germany

As a patient representative, do you think that PATIENT ORGANISATIONS should contribute in research for rare diseases by...

For more information on the questions of the survey or on its results, <u>see the full report in English</u> or contact <u>rare.barometer@eurordis.org</u>

To know more about the Rare 2030 Foresight Study or to participate in the Rare 2030 campaign to implement its recommendations, please visit <u>action.eurordis.org/rare2030action</u>



to all people living with a rare disease who participated in the survey, and to Rare Barometer and Rare 2030 partners!



EURORDIS-Rare Diseases Europe regularly surveys the rare disease community via its Rare Barometer programme to identify patients' perspectives and needs on a number of issues in order to be their voice within European and International initiatives and policy developments. Rare Barometer brings together close to 15,000 patients, carers and family members to make the voice of the rare disease community stronger. For more information please visit <u>eurordis.org/voices</u>