

Helping patients with rare or low-prevalence complex diseases



Ageing with a rare disease
Pr Laura De Graaff, Erasmus MC, Netherlands
&

Working group of ERN-ITHACA on ageing with intellectual disabilities
PM Anne Hugon, ERN ITHACA, France
Dorica Dan, Chair ePAGS ITHACA, Romania



AGING WITH A RARE DISEASE

Improving healthcare for adults with rare genetic syndromes





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Ass. Prof. Genetic and Developmental Endocrinology
Erasmus MC Rotterdam - the Netherlands



























































O Who is responsible for the aging adults with RD?

Improved paediatric care









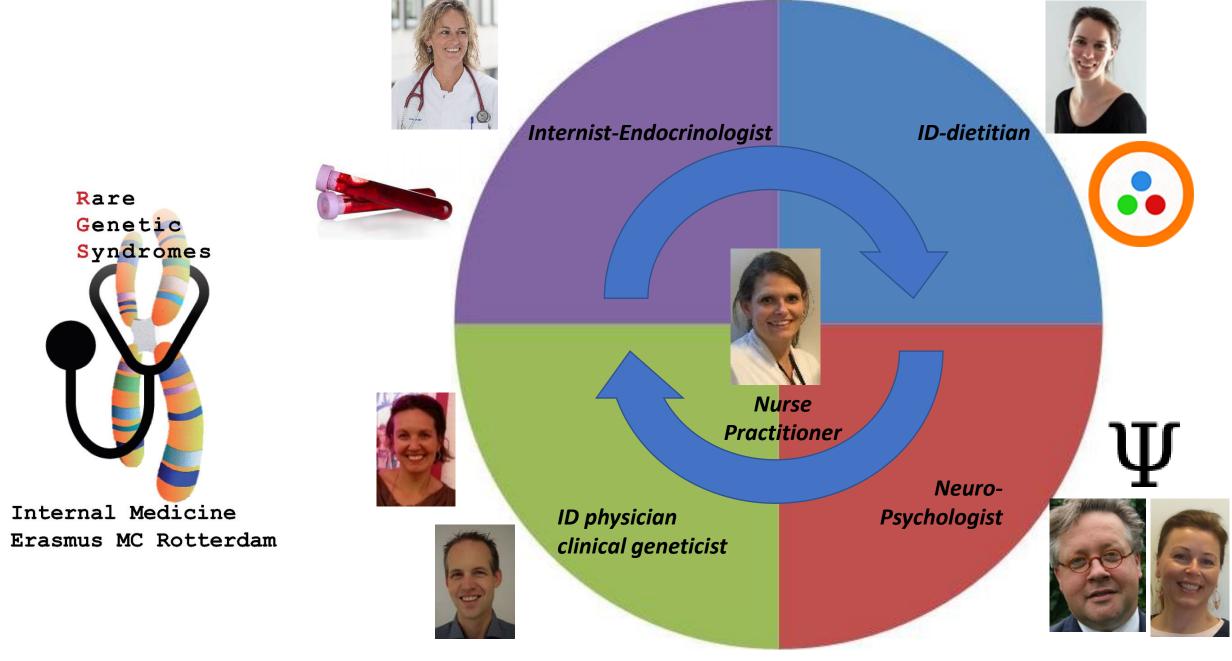












O Which disciplines should take care of aging adults with RD?

Syndrome
16p11 deletion / 16p11.2 deletion
16p13.11 deletion
17-20 desmolase deficiency and partial 17-
hydroxylase deficiency
1q21 microdeletion syndrome
1q25-32 deletion
22q11 deletion
DSD
48,XXXY
Adenylsuccinasedeficiency type 1
Adrenogenital syndrome
Albright hereditary osteodystrophy
Allan-Herndon-Dudley syndrome
Alström syndrome
Angelman syndrome
Bardet-Biedl syndrome
Bloom syndrome
Borjeson-Forssman-Lehmann syndrome
CAIS
CAMK2A mutation
CHARGE syndrome
Cockayne syndrome
Cornelia de Lange syndrome
Costello (like) syndrome

Cri du chat syndrome				
CTNNB1 syndrome				
Dandy Walker syndrome				
Trisomy 21				
Sex chromosomal mosaicism (45X,46XisodicY)				
Gonadal dysgenesis (46X/46XisoYp)				
Jacobsen syndrome				
Joubert syndrome				
JS-X syndrome				
Kabuki syndrome				
Kallmann syndrome				
Kiss1R homozygote variant				
L1CAM mutation				
Leydig cell hypoplasia				
Ohdo syndrome				
Myrhe syndroom				
Neurofibromatosis type 1				
Noonan syndrome				
PAIS				

PNPLA6 gene mutation PTEN hamartoma tumor syndrome Prader-Willi like Prader-Willi syndrome Rett syndrome Rieger syndrome Ringchromosome 21 syndrome Saethre-Chotzen syndrome Sifrim-Hitz-Weis syndrome Silver-Russel syndrome Smith-Lemli-Optiz syndrome Smith Magenis syndrome Sotos-like syndrome SRY+XX male Klinefelter syndrome Tatton Brown Rahman syndrome TBLX1 mutation Tetra-X syndrome Triple-X syndrome TRPV4 mutation Tuberous sclerosis complex Turner syndrome Williams-Beuren syndrome XXYY-syndrome Unknown syndrome Total



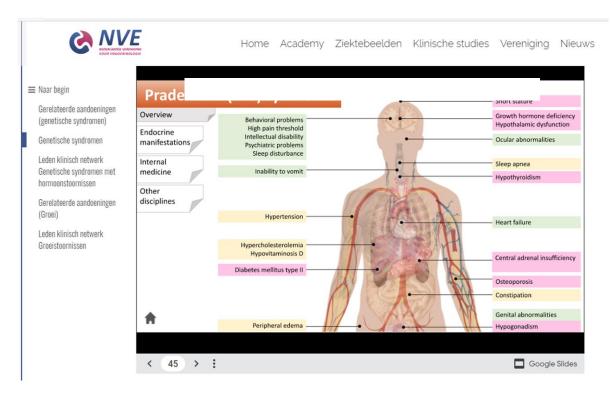
>1100 patients >90 syndromes



• who is responsible for making guidelines?



NVE (Dutch Association of Endocrinology): New network 'Genetic and Developmental Endocrinology'







Article

What Every Internist-Endocrinologist Should Know about Rare Genetic Syndromes in Order to Prevent Needless Diagnostics, Missed Diagnoses and Medical Complications: Five Years of 'Internal Medicine for Rare Genetic Syndromes'

B BB M

Anna G. W. Rosenberg ^{1,2}, Minke R. A. Pater ¹, Karlijn Pellikaan ^{1,2}, Kirsten Davidse ^{1,2}, Anja A. Kattentidt-Mouravieva ³, Rogier Kersseboom ³, Anja G. Bos-Roubos ⁴, Agnies van Eeghen ^{5,6,7}, José M. C. Veen ⁸, Jiske J. van der Meulen ⁸, Nina van Aalst-van Wieringen ⁹, Franciska M. E. Hoekstra ^{1,10}, Aart J. van der Lely ^{1,†} and Laura C. G. de Graaff ^{1,2,7,11,12,13,*,†}

Bardet-Biedl syndrome [30,31,32,33,34]	769 1 3 X	® 4P ♥ 8• 1P	® ID ₹ (121 🖐
Bloom syndrome [35]	-1 661 269 94	% 營 黨 發	ID ##
Börjeson-Forssman-Lehmann syndrome [36,37]	* ** (1) 10 B		∅1 ID ∅ * S Ø ⑨
CAMK2A variants [38,39]	ů † ů †	@ ○	∅ ↓ ID ∅ ∰ ₩
CHARGE syndrome [40,41,42,43,44,45,46,47,48,49,50,51]	♦ 1 269 94 (1)	\$ \$\mathread{P}\$ \$\mathread{P}\$\$ \$\mathread{P}\$\$	* ® D & Q \$ * Ø 9 B 9
CHD8 syndrome [52,53,54]	Ů	闡	∅↓ 10
Chromosome 1q21 deletion syndrome [55,56,57]	⇔t ÿ		≠ ⊕ ⊕ ♥ 9
Chromosome 1q25-32 deletion [58,59]	●●↑ 🖑ů		ID & ®
Chromosome 16p11.2 deletion syndrome [60,61,62]	% -1	❖	
Chromosome 16p13.11 deletion syndrome [63,64,65]			∅ ↓ ID ⅔ Ѿ Ϡ ⑨

INfoRMEd-PWS

International Network for Research, Management & Education on adul

Dr Assumpta Caixas Pedragos (adult endocrinologist) Hospital de Sabadell, Sabadell, Spain

Dr. Graziano Grugni (adult endocrinologist) Italian Auxological Institute, Verbania, Italy

Dr. Antonino Crinò (adult and pediatric endocrinologist) Bambino Gesù Hospital, Palidoro (Rome), Italy

Ass. Prof. Charlotte Höybye (adult endocrinologist) Karolinska University Hospital, Stockholm, Sweden

Ass. Prof. Tania Markovic (adult endocrinologist)
Royal Prince Alfred Hospital, Camperdown, Australia

Prof. Christine Poitou-Bernert (adult endocrinologist)
Pitié-Salpêtrière Hospital, Paris, France

Dr. Muriel Coupaye (adult endocrinologist)Pitié-Salpêtrière Hospital, Paris, France

Dr. Tony Goldstone (adult endocrinologist)Imperial College, London, United Kingdom

Dr. Laura de Graaff-Herder (adult endocrinologist)

Erasmus University Medical Center, Rotterdam, The Netherlands

















Specialized care for adults with Rare Genetic Syndromes

Improve patient care through

- 1. Multidisciplinary approach
- 2. Scientific research
- 3. Registration of medical problem at adult age

Prevent

- 1. Missed diagnoses
- 2. Complications, mortality
- 3. Overtreatment
- 4. Undertreatment
- → Improve medical care (guidelines!)
- → Reduce healthcare costs
- → Improve quality of life

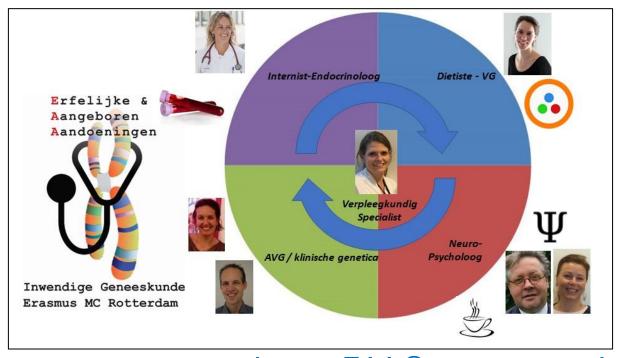












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European Reference Network for Rare Malformation Syndromes, Intellectual and Other Neurodevelopmental Disorders

WHO WE ARE

Subnetwork: adults with intellectual disabilities



EuroNDD @Amsterdam, April 20-21, 2023

The EU Reference Network ITHACA announces the first 2-day European workshop on the multifaceted care and research of rare genetic neurodevelopmental disorders. This meeting will be fully supported by the European Union to enhance cross-border and multidisciplinary knowledge exchange and collaboration.

+ INFOS



Guidelines for adults with intellectual disabilities (Williams-Beuren syndrome, PWS, Down syndrome)

Geriatric principles

Normal vs pathological = spectrum

Dr. Stéphanie Miot, MD,PhD, geriatrician and psychiatrist, Montpellier, France



normal

RESERVE

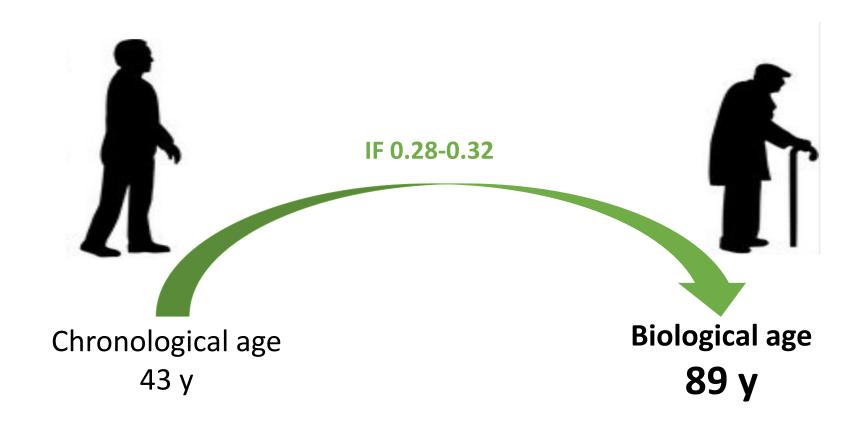
pathology





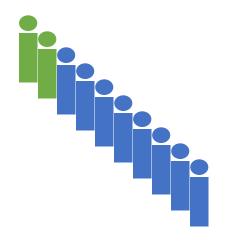
Fragility in neurodevelopment disorders (NDD)

biological age in Autism spectrum disorder (ASD) & Intellectual disability (ID)

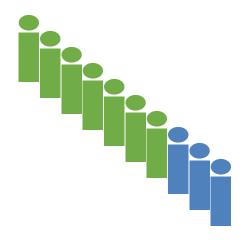


Aging / Multimorbidity in NDD

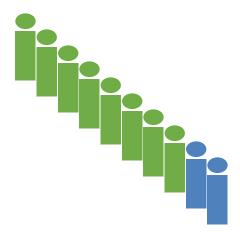
- accumulation of chronic diseases
- multimorbidité in Autism spectrum disorder (ASD) and Intellectual disability (ID)
 - Earlier and higher (Cooper, 2015; Miot, 2022)



23.2%
General population
Barnett, 2012



71-79.8%ID
Mc Carron, 2013 ; Hermans, 2014



84.1% ASD-ID *Miot, 2022*

Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment (CGA)

- geriatric syndrome prevalence
- comorbidities burden
- multimorbidity
- polypharmacy
- biological age

- Pathological aging
- ☑ Specific needs & holistic approach
- **☑** Helpers and HCW training

Pathological? earlier aging?

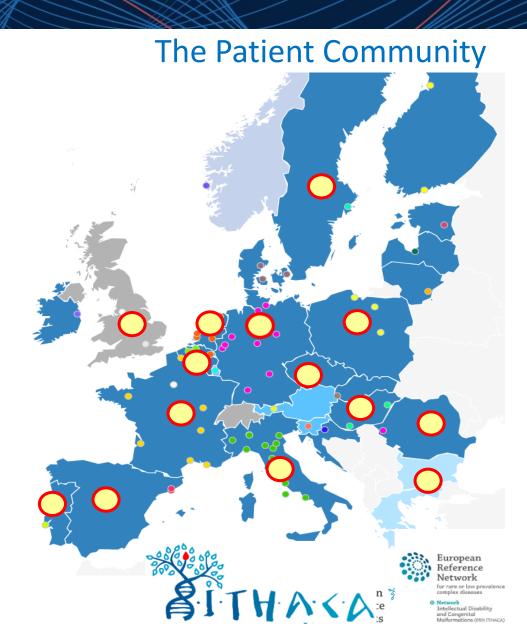


Need Earlier CGA+++

European Reference Network - ERNITHACA

Intellectual disabilities, TeleHealth, Autism and Congenital Anomalies

- Pr A. Verloes, Coordination Paris (post-Brexit)
- 71 from 25+1 countries
- HCP: expert genetics centers in teaching hospitals
- Over 5000 RD genetics
- Axes
 - Develomental anomalies
 - Neurodevelopmental disorders NDD (ID, ASD,PIMD SyNDD gene data base)
 - + specific Genetic, multifactorial (e.a. spina bifida) or environmental
- A growing Patient Community, ePAGS



Working Group NDD Neurodevelopmental disorders











For Clinicians For Patients and Families Documentation News Events



ERN-ITHACA

European Reference Network for Rare Malformation Syndromes, Intellectual and Other Neurodevelopmental Disorders

Subnetwork: Adults with intellectual disabilities



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+ INFOS



Guidelines for adults with intellectual disabilities (Williams-Beuren syndrome, PWS, Down syndrome) ...

Task Force (WG) ID Adult "care for adults with ID"

Work group Chairs

- Miot S. et De Graaff L.
- Hugon A
- Delivrables : European good practices
 - Down, Williams-Buren, and Prader-Willi syndromes
 - Generalisations for NDD adults
 - ⇒2023 24 Practical Recommendations, accessible to all caregivers Publish at least one paper in 2023 (transition) and one in 2024 (comorbidities)
 - ⇒2024 -27 Toolbox to be deployed (dedicated website, testimonials, webinars, etc.)

General objectives

- To establish a medical care management for ID adults and older adults, provide best practice, to be used in daily life
- Improve collaboration & communication between clinician and adult patient's caregivers / Medical homes



Pr. Laura de Graaff, MD,PhD, genetic and developmental endoc rinologist, Rotterdam, the Neth erlands



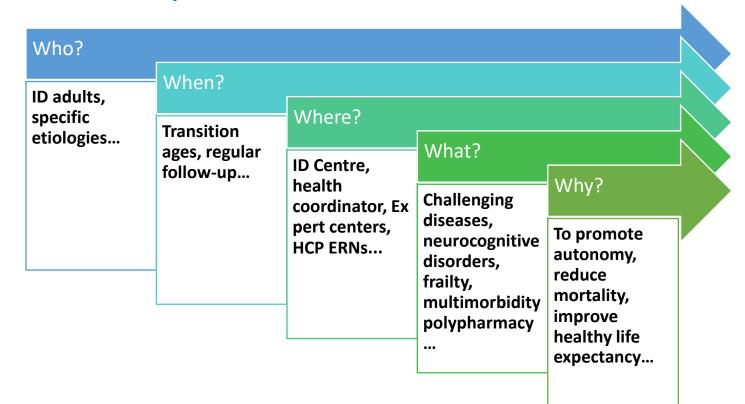
Dr. Stéphanie Miot, MD,PhD, geriatrician and psychiatrist, Montpellier, France

Experts welcome!



Task Force (WG) ID Adult "care for adults with ID"

- Define: best practices 'healthcare for adults with ID' based on expert panel & literature
- Provide: Assessment tools, Recommendations of good practice for the management of mentally disabled adults with ID



Medical care management for ID adults



Why work on "care for ID and ageing adults"?

- In summary
 - A growing population that has been little studied, yet a literature exists
 - Advancing age is little considered, even more so when it is complex
 - Reassure, remove prejudices " obstacle "
 - Recognise the "preserved" capacities of people
 - Need for support for patients and their carers

It's important to Raise awareness and understanding of the complexity of clinical management difficulties in order to improve management and quality of life over the long term

Transmit and share knowledge Be facilitators

Holistics care such as Medical + Social + Psychological



